Ecosystem Benefits from Cover Crops

Newell Kitchen, Claire Baffaut, Ken Sudduth, Kristen Veum, Robert Kremer, Robert Lerch, Brent Myers, and John Sadler

> USDA-ARS Cropping Systems and Water Quality Research Unit Columbia, MO

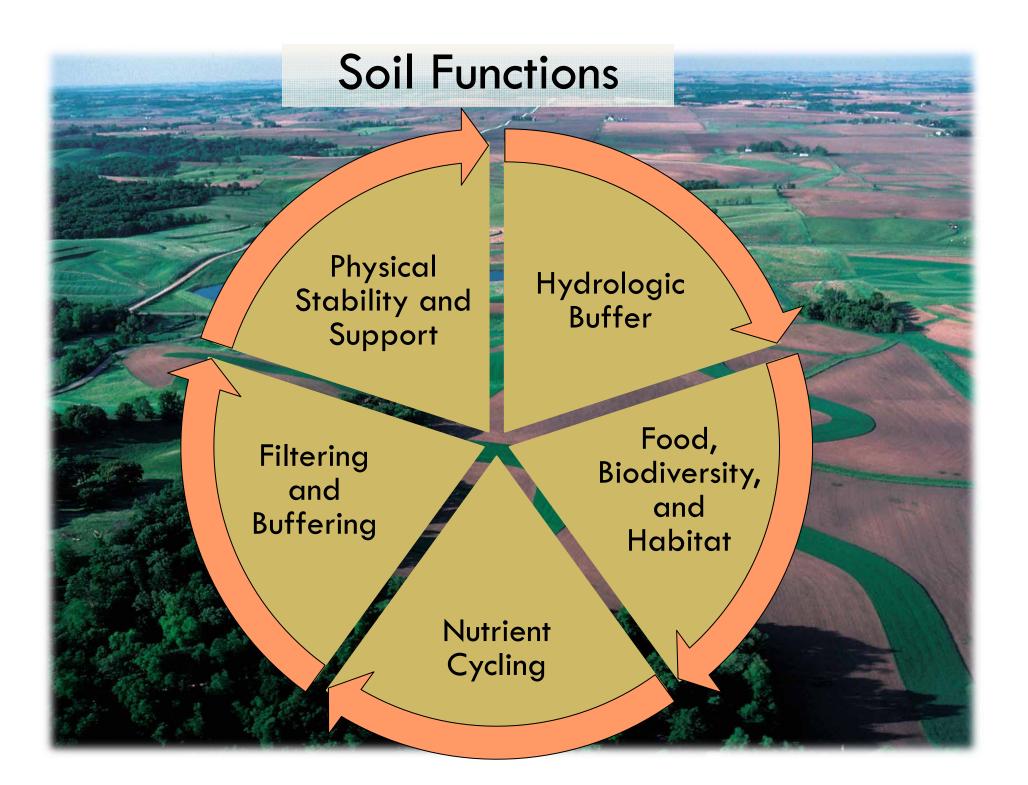
Cover Crops as Part of an Overall Nutrient Management System

February 17-19, 2014 Hilton Omaha Hotel, Omaha, Nebraska

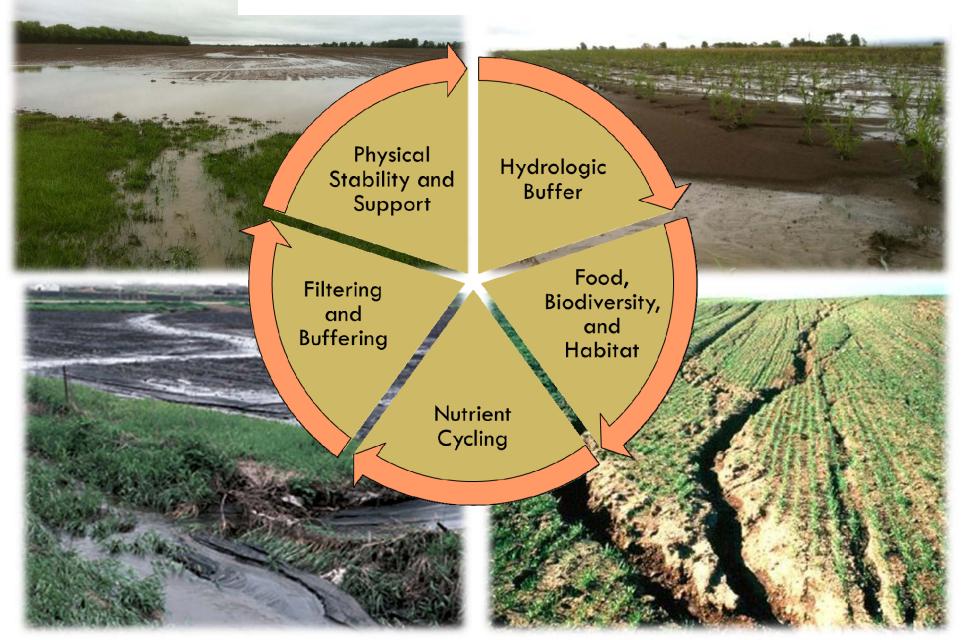


What do we know about cover crops today that we didn't already know 30 years ago?





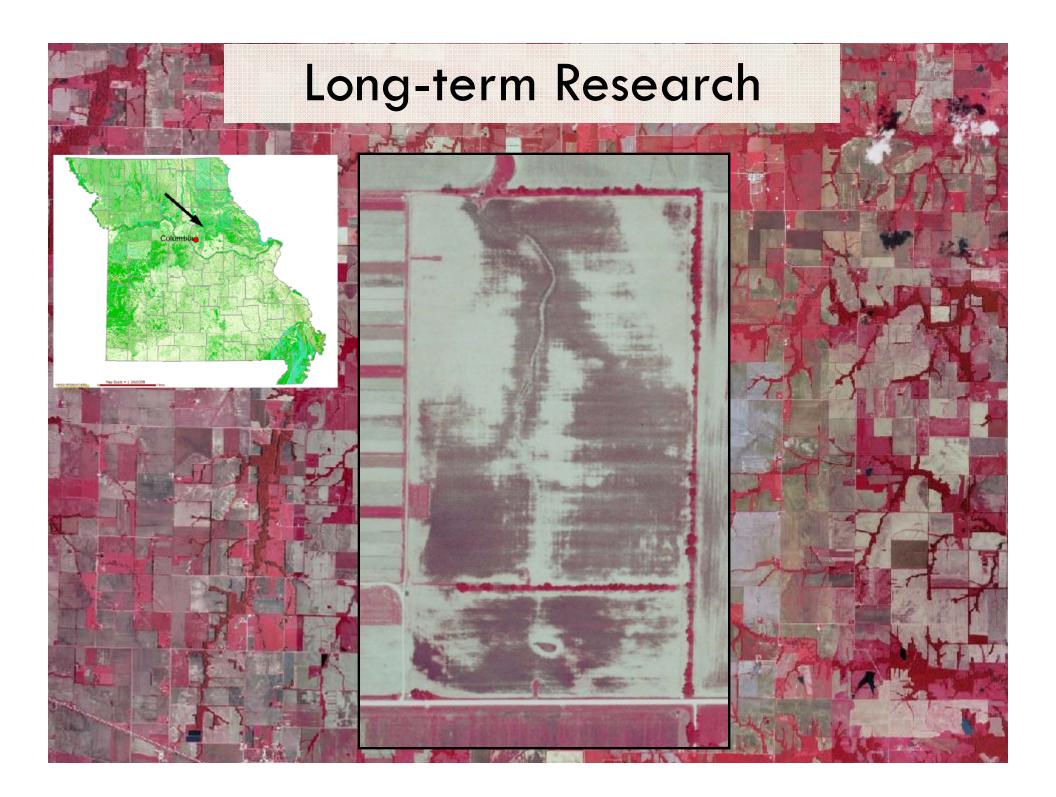
Dysfunctional Soils



Summary of Impacts from Cover Crops on Soils

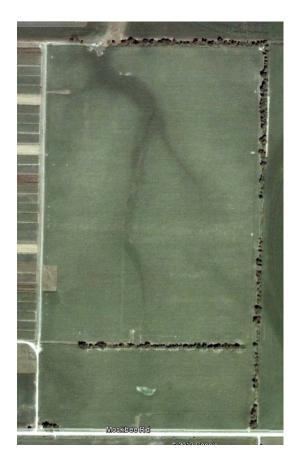
- Reduced erosion
- Increased soil organic matter
- Enhanced infiltration
- Enhanced aeration with improved soil structure/aggregation
- Preventive of soil compaction
- Reduced evaporation potential
- Recycle nutrients
- Fix N with legumes





Long-Term Research Field

1991-2003 Corn-Soybean Mulch-Till



- Ground water quality
- Surface water quality
- Soil characterization
- Soil quality
- Productivity
- Spatial relationships

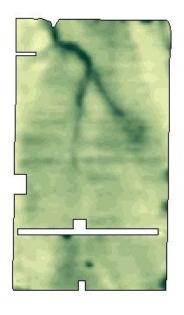




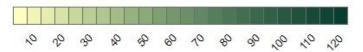
Dysfunctional soil because of historic erosion.



• Average 7 inches of soil loss over the whole field.



 Areas of extreme erosion have lost over 16 inches.



Depth to Claypan (cm)

What is the impact of past erosion on productivity?



Net Profitability (\$/acre)

All Crop-Years

Long-Term Research Field

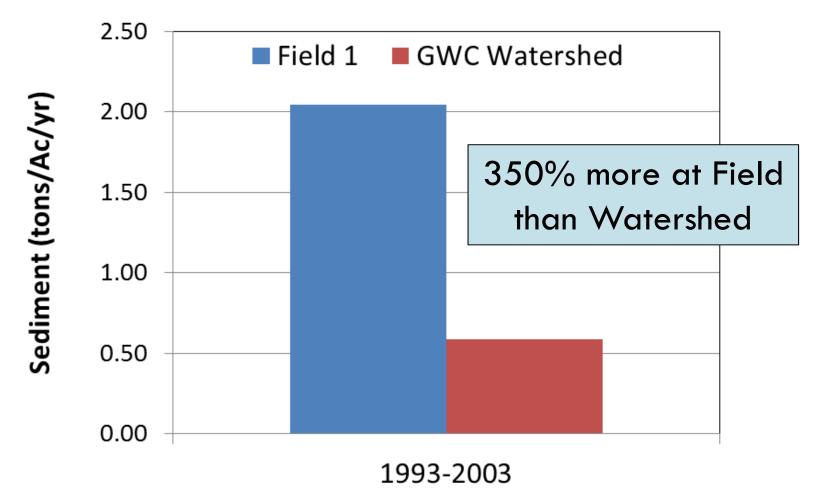
2004-present

Soybean-Wheat (N) Soybean-Corn (S) No-Till + Cover Crop

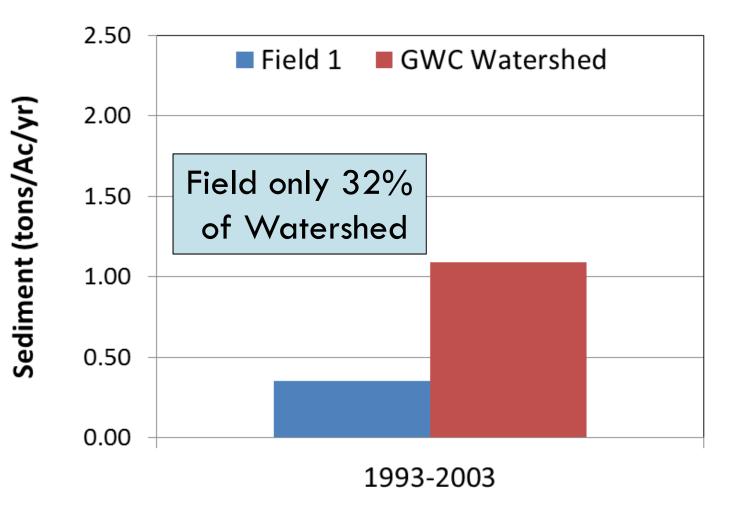


What has been the impact of a decade of no-till and cover crops?

Sediment Loss (1991-2003)

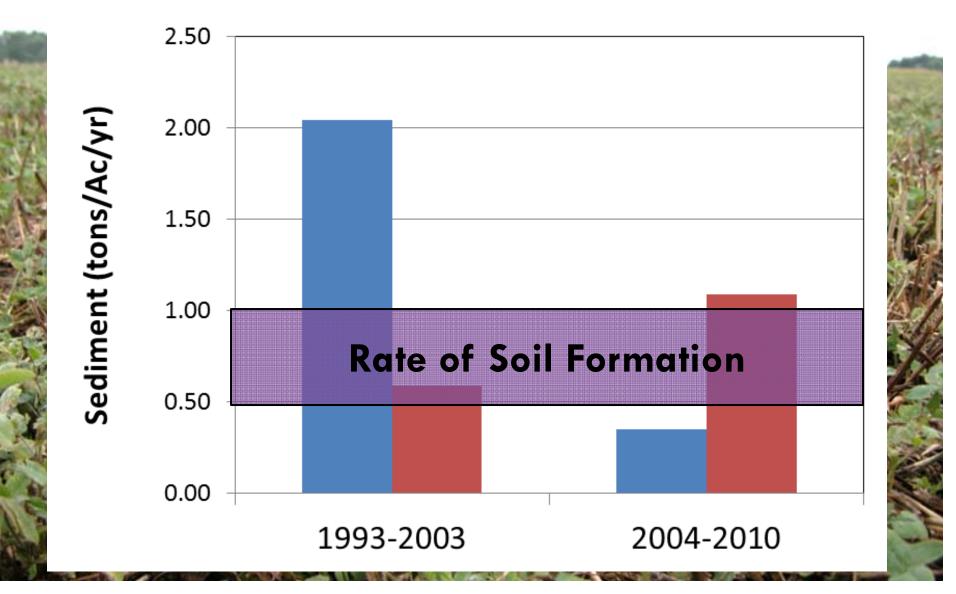


Sediment Loss (2004-2010)



Sediment Loss (2004-2010)

Field 1 GWC Watershed



When do cover crops reduce runoff? Average 10-year monthly (F1/P201)/(W1/P298) efficient 1.00 0.90 0.80 25-30% reduction in runoff Average monthly 0.40 0.30 CORN/SOYB 0.20 0.10 PAS 0.00 9 8 10 11 12 1 Month

Soil Quality

Soil Management Assessment Framework (SMAF)



Physical Score

- bulk density
- water-filled pore space
- water-stable aggregates

Biological Score

- organic C
- B-glucosidase
- microbial C
- mineralizable N

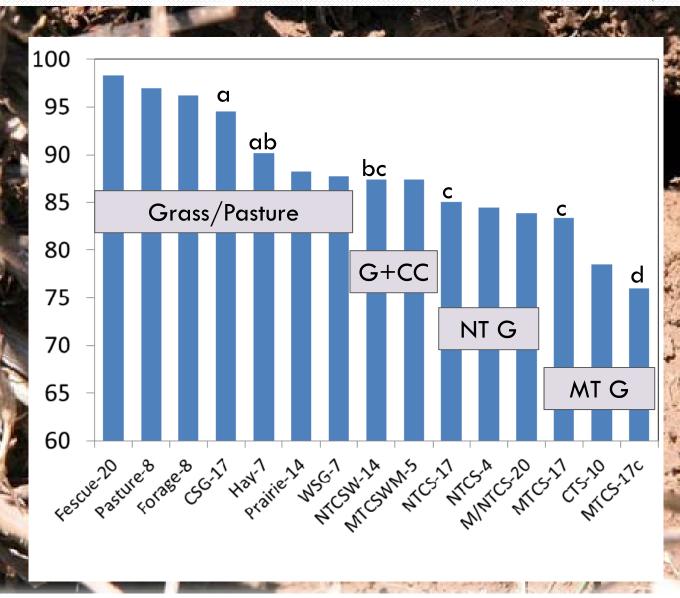
Chemical Score

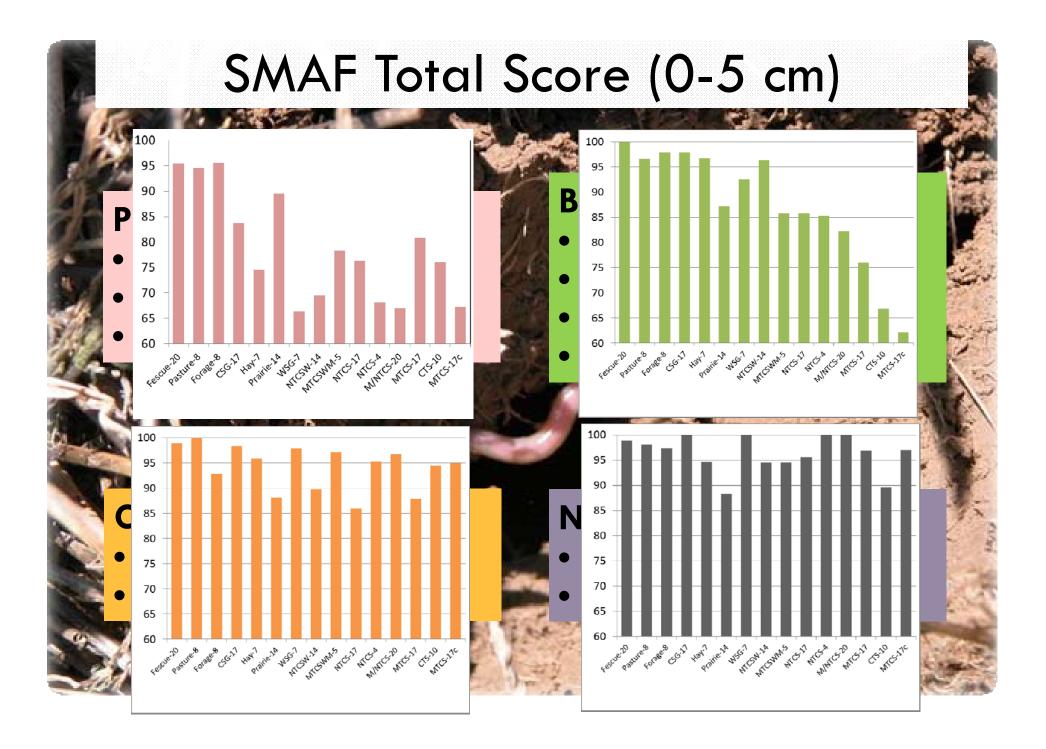
- pH
- electrical conductivity

Nutrient Score

- extractable P
- extractable K

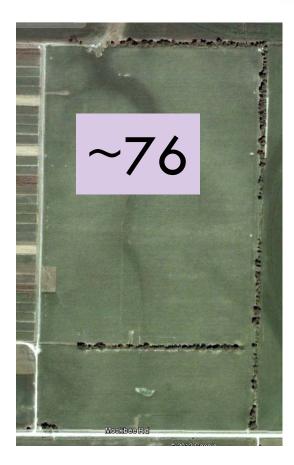
SMAF Total Score (0-5 cm)

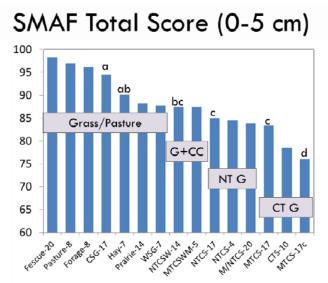




Long-Term Research Field

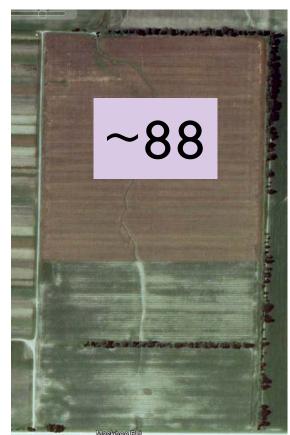
1991-2003 Corn-Soybean Mulch-Till





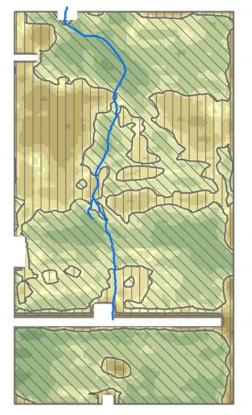
2004-present

Soybean-Wheat (N) Soybean-Corn (S) No-Till + Cover Crop

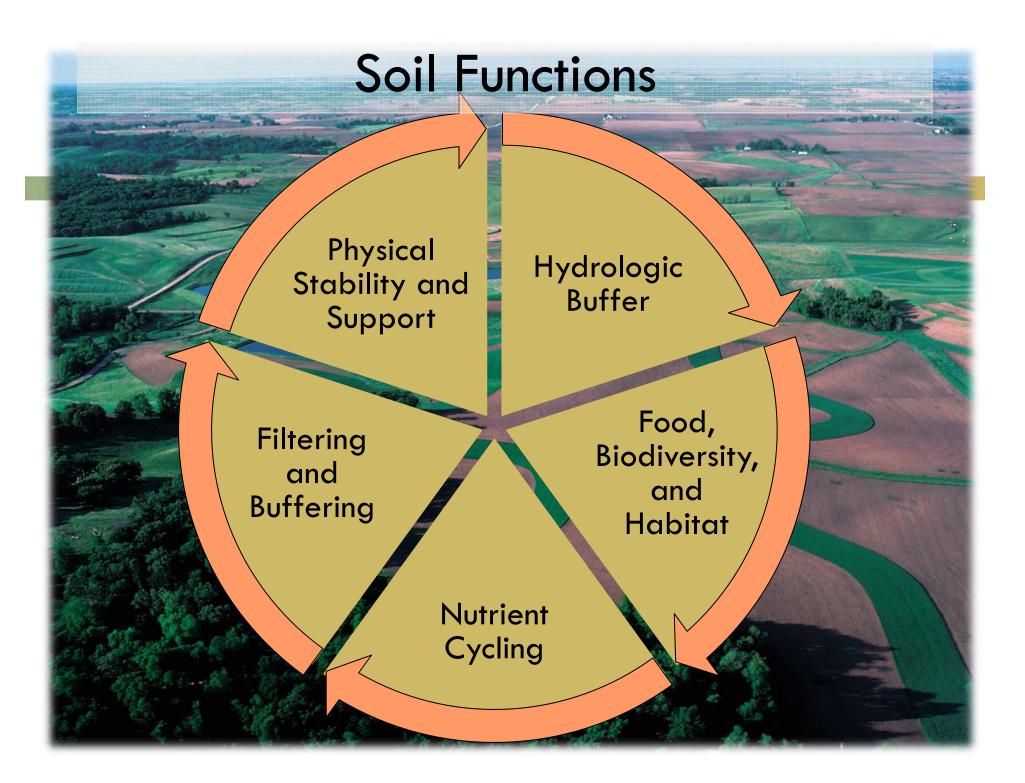




All Crop-Years



Has soil functions been sufficiently restored so corn can again be economically grown?





Cascading Soil Degradation

Poor Land Management, Decisions

paction of creating and a loss

Degraded structure & aggregation

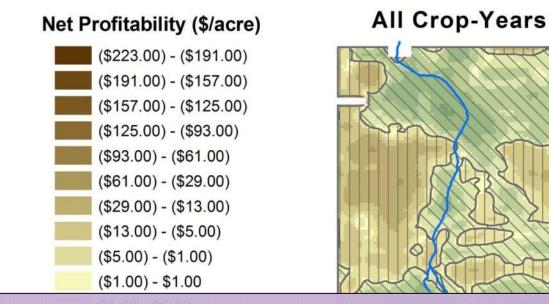
Water & wind erosion

Lost Soil Function

Reduced plant growth Peor soil biology

Decreased yield

What is the impact of past erosion on productivity?



- Average 7" topsoil lost since farming started ~120 yrs ago
- Impact on production today?
 - Soybean: 7" x 0.7 bu/in/a/yr x \$13/bu = \$64/a/yr
 - Corn: 7" x 2.9 bu/in/a/yr x \$5/bu = \$102/a/yr
 - C-S rotation: average loss \$83/a/yr