

Bramble Variety Trials in Utah to Reduce Disease, Increase Production and Enhance Profitability

Rick Heflebower (Utah - Professional + Producer Grant)

Project Number: FW07-315

Title: Bramble Variety Trials in Utah to Reduce Disease, Increase Production and Enhance Profitability

Ag. Professional: Rick Heflebower

Horticulture Extension Agent Utah State University 44 North 100 East St. George, UT 84770 (435) 634-5706, Ext. 4 rickh@ext.usu.edu



Producer Cooperators: Gary Suppe, New Harmony, Washington County

Don Wadley, Pleasant Grove, Utah County Merv Weeks, Paradise, Utah, Cache County Roger Earley, Laketown, Utah, Rich County Kaysville Research Farm, Davis County

Technical Advisors:

Brent Black, Fruit Specialist Utah State University Extension

Darrell Rothlisberger, Rich County Agent, Utah State University Extension

SARE Grant: \$23,250



With a short shelf life, brambles are well suited to local production and consumption.

Situation:

Brambles, including raspberries and blackberries, are a high-value crop with a short shelf life, making them well suited to local production and consumption. In Utah, raspberries have succeeded in the northern part of the state, alongside tourism. Otherwise, production is limited to a handful of growers scattered around the state.

Raspberry production in northern Utah has been devastated by an outbreak of Raspberry Bushy Dwarf (RBDV), a pollen-borne virus, largely because growers had relied on a virus-susceptible variety, Canby. Meanwhile, a number of new varieties, some resistant to RBDV, have been developed that offer adaptability to a wide range of climates.

Population growth in recent years has pushed development in Utah and other Internountain states onto what had been the best farmland, often leaving small parcels (1-20 acres) typically underutilized and infested with weeds. Properly managed, these small parcels are ideally suited to produce a rich variety of high-value crops, including brambles, sold directly to consumers at the farm gate, farmers markets or Community Supported Agriculture.

Objectives:

- Conduct bramble trials on farmer fields across five climate zones in Utah and at one university research station
- Using trial results, develop lists of appropriate cultivars and cultural practices for the various climate zones
- Conduct field days and develop fact sheets and articles to disseminate research results to growers in Utah and other Intermountain states
- Conduct follow-up surveys of field day attendees to assess what information
 was important to them and what varieties or practices they may have adopted





Raspberries make an ideal crop for small parcels of productive cropland.

Attendees at a field day inspect the variety Caroline.

Actions:

Under a previous grant (from the Utah Community/University Research Initiative) in 2006, bramble plants, irrigation systems and the needed equipment and supplies were purchased and five fields were planted, both organic and conventional.

This Western SARE Professional + Producer Grant is being used to:

- maintain the planting at the five small-farm test locations
- collect necessary data on variety performance and cultural practices
- disseminate the results to commercial growers

Each plot is one row wide and 12 feet long. Control comparisons (in red on the table) are a subset of varieties that have been planted at all locations. To assist with irrigation, Watermark sensors have been purchased and deployed at each site.



Participants learn about new raspberry varieties that may be adaptable to Utah and other Intermountain states.

Results:

- Fall-bearing raspberries, with proper irrigation management, performed well at several sites. Some irrigators worried about watering too much, but sensors and education helped improve irrigation applications in mid and late season 2007.
- Summer-bearing raspberries were frozen out in 2007. As of spring 2008, it was too early to assess their performance.
- Trials in Cache and Washington counties encountered weed problems, a
 particular challenge in the Certified Organic plots in Washington
 County. Steps are being taken to help growers improve weed
 management.



Coho	Chemainus	Chemainus	Lauren	Lauren
Cowichan	Coho	Coho	Mautere	Magana
incore	Cowichan	Cowichan	Tulameen	Mautere
C-81-6	Encore	C. Delight		
Gllarney	Georgia	Georgia		
atham	Killarney	Lauren		
dautere	Latham	Mautere		
vova	Mautere	Reveille		
	Nova	Royalty		
	Reveille	Saamich		
	Saamich	Titan		
	Tulumeen	Tulameen		
	WDNV2	WSNV2		
		Willamette		
		Fall	•	•
Caroline	Anne	Anne	Anne	Anne
leritage	Caroline	Caroline	Autumn Bliss	Autumn Bliss
Polana	Heritage	Heritage	Autumn Britten	Autumn Britten
iummit	Himbo top	Himbo top	Caroline	Caroline
	Jaclyn	Jaclyn	Heritage	Heritage
	Joan J	Joan J	Himbo top	Himbo top
	Polana	Polana	Jaclyn	Jaclyn
	Ruby	Ruby	Polana	Polana
	Summit	Summit	Summit	Summit
		Polka		

Potential Benefits:

Fall raspberries at Kaysville put on a light crop in 2008, and plants in all trial plots are expected to bear fruit in 2008.

To date, the project team has made useful observations in comparing the extent of winter injury among cultivars, which will be useful in developing variety recommendations.

In the long run, this project is expected to provide:

- · Opportunities for agricultural diversification
- Technology that will allow small-parcel farms to become economically viable
- Regionally appropriate information on a new crop that can satisfy needs for a locally grown, nutritious food
- Information to develop a regionally appropriate organic fruit production system, which, in turn, will reduce the use of toxic materials